For this assignment... Work out the following problems on separate sheets. Staple all, including this front page, for your submission.

- **1)** Your textbook derives an expression for the dipole field at a position $\mathbf{r}=(\mathbf{R},\theta,\pi/2)=(0,y,z)$. Note that in class we have been deriving an expression for the dipole magnetic field at a point $\mathbf{r}=(x,0,z)$, which should produce equivalent results. Please derive step-by-step an expression for the dipole magnetic vector potential **A** and the dipole magnetic flux density **B**, as we have done in class, but filling in the following important details (each being required for full credit):
 - **a.** Prove that the radial distance between your "dl" differential element and your observation point "p" is given by:

$$R = |\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'| = \sqrt{r^2 - 2ar\sin\theta\cos\phi' + a^2}$$

b. Prove that for distances *r>>a*, the following approximation may be used for 1/R:

$$\frac{1}{R} \simeq \frac{1}{r} \left(1 + \frac{a \sin \theta \cos \phi'}{r} \right)$$

- c. Determine expression for A in terms of magnetic dipole moment.
- **d.** Determine whether the divergence of **A** is zero or nonzero.
- e. Determine expression for B.
- **f.** Compare and comment on the expression for the *electric* dipole field.
- **2)** Zahn P.5-24 (a, b noting that **K** is equivalent to surface current J_s).
- **3)** Cheng P.6-21.
- **4)** Cheng P.6-22.
- **5)** Cheng P.6-1 or Zahn P.5-1. Solving the Zahn version of this problem, which is more general, is worth 5 extra credit points.